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6 June 1956

COMNAVGER

EAST GERMANY/VP-SEE research on navigational equipment

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Research on navigational equipment for new VP-SEE units is being carried out. Equipment includes new type master gyro compasses, repeaters with automatically adjusted digaussing loops, a projection device to allow helmsman to sight compass at the conning station, a small ELECTROLIT COMPASS for SCHWABE or FORELLE class, gyro pilot, log for fast vessels depth recorders and echo sounding apparatus, automatic plotters and bridge control desks.

1. "Zentralkreislergerat".

This was the name for a new type of master gyro compass with 10 to 12 repeater compasses. It was in the design and development stage at RPT FUNKWERK KOPPENICK in 1953/54. The 1953/54 design had, however, proved too big and too heavy for VP-SEE craft. This was partially caused by VP-SEE not having specified the requirements precisely enough when placing the order. RPT FUNKWERK KOPPENICK was, therefore, ordered to design and develop a smaller "Zentralkreislergerat" in 1955/56. Designing was not finished in April 1956. It would be completed this year however. This research project was among those ordered and paid for by VP-SEE directly. 80,000 East DM had been approved for 1956-work on the project.

2. Master gyro compass with fast synchronizer.

Designing and developing this compass was underway at RPT FUNKWERK KOPPENICK in early 1956. Work comprised designing only the synchronizer.

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NAVY review

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COMNAVVER [REDACTED]

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Requirements as set forth by VP-333 were: compass to have head true north after 10 to 12 seconds; conditions under which it was expected to do [REDACTED]. A prototype compass was scheduled to be ready for testing in 1956. This research project was among those ordered and paid for by VP-333 directly. 125,000 East DM had been approved for 1956-work on the project.

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3. Special repeater compass.

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Purpose of this compass was to have degaussing loops aboard automatically adjusted in accordance with the steered course. To achieve this, the "special" repeater compass was to be connected by extra cables to the degaussing loops. Designing and developing the compass was scheduled to be ready for testing by mid 1956. [REDACTED] the problem will be solved in 1956. RPT FUNKERN KOPENICK was also scheduled to build the compasses. In this connection, [REDACTED] RPT FUNKERN KOPENICK at BERLIN-KOPENICK had been selected to become the compass manufacturing plant in the SOVIET. This research project was among those ordered and paid for by ZENTRALANT FUER FORSCHUNG & ENTWICKLUNG BEI DER STAATLICHEN FLAKKOMMISSION (hereafter referred to as ZENTRALANT) on behalf of VP-333. 60,000 East DM had been approved for 1956-work on the project.

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4. "Projektionskompass".

This was no real designing project as the plant in charge, VEB GERATE-ENGINEERINGWERKE & REGELWERKE at TILTON (formerly ASKANIA works) had obtained one such compass from West-GERMANY after which they had to develop a model of their own. A prototype compass was assumed [REDACTED] scheduled to be ready for testing by mid 1956 yet. The compasses were planned for either SCHWALBE or FORELLE-class units. This research project was among those ordered and paid for by ZENTRALANT — on behalf of VP-333. 50,000 East DM had been approved for 1956-work on the project.

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5. "Elektrolytkompass".

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This was a small compass [REDACTED]

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Compasses were planned to be used aboard either SCHWALBE or FORELLE-class units. Designing and developing order for 1 prototype compass had been placed with above VEB GERATE- & REGELWERKE at TILTON in 1955. Future orders will be placed only after tests with the prototype have proved its usefulness. This research project was among those ordered and paid for by VP-333 directly. 100,000 East DM had been approved for 1956-work on this project.

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6. Compasses for small ship-classes.

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POWELLE-class PT-boats and SCHWALBE-class minelayers and mine-sweepers will most likely not be equipped with gyro compasses. They are considered too small for same. One of the above 2 classes was, therefore, scheduled to be equipped with "Projektionskompass", the other class with "Elektrolytkompass".

7. Gyro pilot for ships and small craft.

Designing has been completed at RFT FUNKWERK KOPPENICK. A prototype set was to be ready for testing in 1956. The set was supposed to be installed in KRAKE-class chiefly, despite the mentioning of "small craft". This research project was among those ordered and paid for by ZENTRALAMT on behalf of VP-SSE. \$55,000 East DM had been approved for 1956-work on the project.

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8. Log ("Fahrtmessanlage").

VP-SSE wanted a log especially for fast ships. Designing was to be completed in 1956. RFT FUNKWERK KOPPENICK the only plant approached so far, had not accepted the order to design this unit. It is assumed this was the result of VP-SSE's asking for a high-speed log which, it is thought cannot be designed as a pressure-type log as VP-SSE had thought. The log will probably be designed and developed at RFT FUNKWERK KOPPENICK as a so-called "Studienentwurf". This research project was among those ordered and paid for by VP-SSE directly. 120,000 East DM had been approved for 1956-work on the project. In this connection, high-ranking VP-SSE officers had discussed the idea of using this "Fahrtmessanlage" (log) as an echo sounding gear whereby the forward opening could act as transmitter and the aft opening as receiver.

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9. Depth recorder and indicator ("Echograph mit Rotlichtanzeige").

This fathometer was required to work down to 1,200-meter depth; minimum depth remaining Designing was underway at RFT FUNKWERK KOPPENICK since 1955, but little progress has been made. Prototype fathometers were scheduled to be ready for testing by the end of 1956. This research project was among those ordered and paid for by ZENTRALAMT ... on behalf of VP-SSE. 110,000 East DM had been approved for 1956-work on the project.

10. Shallow-water echo sounding gear ("Schoflachlot").

Designing and developing this fathometer had been one of S.H.I.'s (NAUTISCH HYDROGRAPHISCHES INSTITUT) last missions before its disestablishment in 1955. VP-SSE had ordered 2 prototype sets which had been built at the above institute and were tested aboard S.H.D.-craft in STALSUND waters. Tests were successful. During 1956, a RFT FUNKWERK KOPPENICK was ordered

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to build 12 such such sets following N.H.I. design for VP-SKK, S.H.D. ordered another 12, and VEB YASHTNERFT at KOPERNICK another 6, 8, or 10 for SCHWALBE-class units building in the shipyard. Those to be built for S.H.D. will probably have a recording system ("Echograph"). Price per set with "Echograph" came up to 7,600 East DM. The following data on above gear [redacted] range between 0.5 and 20 meters; faulty indications between 2 and 3% only; set was "schwellwassergeschutzt", officially indicated by the symbol "F 44"; the set was "ruettel- & schlagsicher" (shock resistant); "Schwinger" (oscillators or vibrators) were made of plastic or ceramic material instead of metal; the gear did not send out electric but sound impulses. This research project was among those ordered and paid for by VP-SKK directly. 160,000 East DM had been approved for 1956-work on the project. [redacted] not all this amount will be needed for above project and will be transferred to funds approved for 1956-work on other projects.

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11. Automatic plotter ("Automatisches Koppelgeraet").

Designing was finished at RPT FUNKWERK KOPERNICK. A prototype set was to be ready for testing in 1956. The set was mainly for KRAKE-class. This research project was among those ordered and paid for by ZENTRALAMT on behalf of VP-SKK. 100,000 East DM had been approved for 1956-work on this project.

12. Nautical range finders ("Nautische Entfernungsmesser").

As requirements for the sets had not been specified exactly by VP-SKK and a plant to design, develop, and build same had not yet been selected, source had no information whatsoever. This research project was among those ordered and paid for by VP-SKK directly. 30,000 East DM had been approved for 1956-work on the project.

13. "Schiffskennanlagen - B & M Anlagen".

The letters B and M stood for "Befehls & Melde-Anlagen". These were probably to become some kind of conning bridge control desks. Designing and developing was completed by RPT FUNKWERK KOPERNICK in 1954 or early 1955. A prototype set was built in 1955 and displayed during the last LEIPZIG fair. In 1956, another 12 or 15 "desks" were scheduled to be built at the above plant. Their construction has begun. The desks were planned to be installed in FALKE-C and KRAKE-class units. This research project was among those ordered and paid for by ZENTRALAMT on behalf of VP-SKK. 100,000 East DM had been approved for 1956-work on the project.

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